THE UNITED SHATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME: Galifornia Cooperative Rice Research Joundation, Inc.

MUCCUS, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THEREOF IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE BOVE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COSE, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT ED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE-SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321

RICE

'Calamylow-201'

In Testimonn Marreot, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Mant Mariety Frotextion Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this twenty-ninth day of September, in the year two thousand and six.

Atlest:

Gen Jehn Commissioner

Plant Varioty Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service Varu al Stavicultura

y of Agriculture

The undersigned owner(s) is(are) the owner of this sexually reproduced or tuber propagated plant variety, and believe(s) that the variety is new, distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is entitled to protection under the provisions of Section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.

Owner(s) is (are) informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties,

		,	
SIGNATURE OF OWNER		SIGNATURE OF OWNER	Me tenju
NAME (Please print or type)		NAME (Please print or type) Kent S. McKenz	zie
CAPACITY OR TITLE "	DATE	CAPACITY OR TITLE Director	December 20, 2005

(See reverse for instructions and information collection burden statement)

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfilled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

ITEM

19a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;

(3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and

- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
 - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
 - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
 - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.

22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.) Foundation seed is maintained by the Rice Experiment Station (RES). Normal seed multiplication starts with headrow seed used for breeders which in turn is used to plant foundation. Headrow seed is produced as necessary. RES policy allows foundation seed to be used to produce Foundation seed when approved

23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety by CCRRF (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.) Calamylow—201 was jointly released by the California CO—op Rice Research Fdn, California Agricultural Exp. Stations and the USDA—ARS. Foundation will be distributed to California rice seed growers April 1, 2006 for the purpose of producing registered seed.

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

Tentative plans are to seek a utility patent for Calamylow-201.

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

'CALAMYLOW-201' RICE

19a. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of the Variety

1) Genealogy

Calamylow-201 is a low amylose induced mutant of the semidwarf, early maturing, pubescent, premium quality short-grain cultivar Calhikari-201. It was evaluated in 2002-2004 large plot yield tests under the experimental designation BL-1. It is a pure line selection from X₂ population of Calhikari-201 irradiated with ~25kR of ⁶⁰Co made in 2000 at the Rice Experiment Station (RES), Biggs, CA. Calhikari-201 has the pedigree 'Koshihikari'/(91-Y-157)*2. Koshihikari is a tall, pubescent, late maturing, lodging susceptible, premium quality Japanese short-grain cultivar recognized for its high milling and cooking quality. 91-Y-157 was an RES advanced short-grain breeding line with the pedigree Koshihikari/'S-101'. S-101 is a very early maturing, semidwarf short-grain cultivar developed and released by California Cooperative Rice Research Foundation, Inc. (CCRRF) that is no longer in production.

2) Selection and multiplication

Calamylow-201 is an X₇ pure line selection advance from a single kernel of brown rice identified in an X₂ population of Calhikari-201 irradiated with ~25kR of ⁶⁰Co made in 2000 at the Rice Experiment Station (RES), Biggs, CA. The putative low amylose mutant was advanced in the winter greenhouse facilities at RES under the experimental designation BL-1. Seed from X₃ greenhouse plants were transplanted to the 2001 RES rice nursery for advancement and increase. Seed harvested from X₄ transplants grown in 2001 was bulked and evaluated for amylose content and cooking properties. Single panicle headrows (400) were grown in 2002 and 2003, X₄ and X₅ respectively. BL-1 was tested in the University of California Cooperative Extension (UCCE) Statewide Yield Tests 2003 and 2004. The sequential steps of development of Calamylow-201 are summarized in Figure 1. Selection was made for low amylose endosperm and the agronomic characteristic of the parent Calhikari-201.

3) Uniformity and stability

The original X₂ mutant has been observed to breed true for the low amylose mutation through the generation advance and seed increases. Panicle selections were first taken for headrow production in 2002 and continued through 2003. During the headrow production any putative segregating or variant rows were removed from the field. Visual inspection (seedling vigor, heading date, plant height, grain shape, etc.) of headrows was used as criteria to confirm cultivar purity. This is the standard procedure used at RES to monitor and maintain breeder seed of currently grown California rice cultivars. The 2002 headrow panicles were used to plant the 2003 headrows that were in turn bulked for planting of the breeder/foundation seed in 2005. The Calamylow-201 production field was inspected and approved for certification by the California Crop Improvement Association in 2005. Classes of seed will be breeder, foundation, registered, and certified seed produced in California. Foundation seed can be used to produce foundation seed if necessary and headrow and breeder seed will be produced in foundation fields as necessary to maintain cultivar purity. Calamylow-201 has been

observed to be uniform and stable in seed increase and production fields for four generations $(X_4 \text{ to } X_7)$.

4) Variants

The foundation seed field and headrows were rogued multiple times and off types, putative out crosses, and other visual variants were removed from the field. These included awned smooth (glabrous) medium grains, late medium grains and taller short grains, in a total frequency of less than 0.01 percent. The variants are visually distinct and can be identified in the field after heading.

Figure 1. Development of low amylose premium quality short-grain rice Calamylow-201.

2000 Winter	Irradiation of Calhikari-201
	\downarrow
2000 Summer	X ₁ RES Nursery
	↓
2000-2001	X ₂ RES Nursery
Greenhouse	Screening and selection of low amylose mutant BL-1
	↓
2001 Summer	X ₃ RES Nursery
÷	Nursery increase and quality evaluation
	↓ •
2002 Summer	X4 RES Nursery & Yield Tests
	Headrow purification and increase and Statewide Yield Tests
	↓
2003 Summer	X5 RES Nursery, Yield Tests & Pilot Production
	Headrows, Statewide Yield Tests, RES Field Production
	\downarrow
2004 Summer	X6 RES Nursery, Yield Tests & Pilot Production
	Headrows, Statewide Yield Tests, RES Field Production
	\downarrow
2005 Summer	X7 RES Nursery, Yield Tests & Pilot Production
	Foundation Seed, RES Yield Tests, Pilot Field Production

19b. Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctiveness

1) Variety differences

Calamylow-201 is being released as a special purpose low amylose rice for developing a new rice market for California. The low amylose content makes the rice more resistant to staling for chilled or frozen rice products. Currently there are no rice varieties in production with this amylose content in the US. Comparisons for field evaluation purposes were made to the parent Calhikari-201. Calamylow-201 is distinguished by low amylose content. Its kernel size and shape is similar but smaller than Calhikari-201 and much smaller than the California short-grain S-102. Calamylow-201 also has an opaque endosperm not found in the parent or other US rice varieties. Photograph 1 shows the endosperm appearance of Calamylow-201 and its parent Calhikari-201. In addition, Calamylow-201 has a lower level of seedling vigor and lower yield potential. Calamylow-201 is most similar to Calhikari-201.

2) Statistical data

Agronomic characteristics: Agronomic data from three years of testing at RES is presented in Table 1. Agronomic data collected from the multiple location University of California Cooperative Extension (UCCE) Statewide Yield Tests in 2002 to 2004 are summarized in Table 2 including comparison to the standard medium grain M-202.

Kernel characteristics: Table 3 and Photo 1 show significant differences in kernel amylose content, kernel size and appearance of milled and brown rice kernels of Calamylow-201 and its parent Calhikari-201.

Table 2. Agronomic performance and milling of Calamylow-201, Calhikari-201 and M-202 in UCCE Statewide Yield Test (Early Group) 2002 to 2004.

Entry	Grain	Harvest	Yield	SV†	Days to	Height	Lodged	H ₂ O‡	Head	Total
	Туре	Moist.	(lb/acre		50%		_	·	Rice	Rice
		(%)	at 14%)		heading	(cm)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
<u>2002</u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
CA-201	LA	17.3	7150	4.2	87	94	53	19.2	59	70
CH-201	SPQ	15.9	8290	5.0	88	93	66	18.7	58	70
M-202	M	19.9	9260	4.8	89	101	62	17.3	61	70
2003										
CA-201	LA	19.5	6530	4.7	76	94	76	18.6	68	71
CH-201	SPQ	18.7	7500	5.0	80	94	73	19.2	67	70
M-202	M	22.0	8210	5.0	80	102	66	19.2	66	70
2004										
CA-201	LA	15.4	7500	4.7	85	97	66	13.9	57	72
CH-201	SPQ	15.2	8530	5.0	88	97	66	13.1	49	74
M-202	M	17.4	9670	4.9	87	104	65	17.3	64	72
Average										
CA-201	LA	17.4	7060	4.5	83	95	65	17.2	62	71
CH-201	SPQ	16.6	8100	5.0	84	95	68	17.0	58	71
M-202	M	19.8	9050	4.9	85	102	64	17.9	64	71

[†] Seedling vigor score where 1=poor, 5= excellent.

Table 3. Distinguishing kernel characteristics of Calamylow-201 and Calhikari-201 grown at RES, Biggs, CA.

Quality Trait	Calam	ylow-201	Calhika	ari-201
	2003	2004	2003	2004
Apparent Amylose (%)	6.6	5.7	17.7	17.1
Brown Rice (mm)				
Length	4.90	4.76	5.01	5.10
Width	2.91	2.90	2.97	2.99
L/W ratio	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
1000 Grain Weight (g)	17.8	19.7	19.8	20.2
Endosperm	opaque	opaque	translucent	translucent
Whiteness # (Kett)	43.9	48.3	40.2	42.7

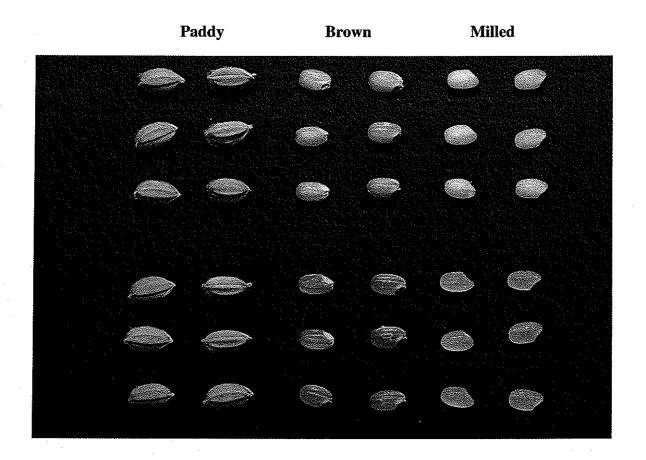
Table 3. Distinguishing kernel characteristics of Calamylow-201 and Akitakomachi grown at RES, Biggs, CA.

Quality Trait	Calamylow-201		Akitakomachi		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	
Apparent Amylose (%)	6.6	5.7	16.5	15.0	
Endosperm	opaque	opaque	translucent	translucent	

 $[\]ddagger H_2O$ = Average harvest moisture of milling row samples.

H/T = Head and total milled rice averages of two rows harvested at two harvest moistures/year.

Photograph 1. Paddy, brown and milled rice samples of Calamylow-201 (top 3 rows) and parent Calhikari-201 (bottom 3 rows). Note smaller kernel size and opaque brown and milled rice of low amylose Calamylow-201.



REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

Form Approved OMB NO 0581-0055

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705 Exhibit C

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY Rice (Oryza sativa)

NAME OF APPLICANT (S)
California Cooperative Rice
Research Foundation, Inc.

TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION

VARIETY NAME

BL-1

Calamylow-201

ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code, Country)
Rice Experiment Station
955 Butte City Hwy.
PO Box 306
Biggs, CA 95917

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

PVPO NUMBER

200600111

PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY:

Place the appropriate number that describes the character of this variety in the spaces provided below. These numbers are also code numbers corresponding to descriptors developed by IBGR-IRRI Rice Advisory Committee and the US Rice Crop Advisory Committee. Breeders will demonstrate distinctness more readily by describing as many characters as is possible.

1.	MATURITY: Days to Heading	(Seedling to 50% Heading)			
A.	South: (Location	1;	_) at	kg/ha (Nitrogen R	ate)
	Number of Days	•			
	Days Earlier Than	Check Variety:			
	Days Same As	Check Variety:			
	Days Later Than	Check Variety:			
	Maturity Class	1 = Very Early (85 Days or Less) 3 = Intermediate (101 - 115)		/ (86 – 100) (More Than 115)	
В.	California: (Location	: Biggs, CA		kg/ha (Nitrogen Ra	ate)
	83 Number of Days		(fal	llowed land)	
	2 Days Earlier Than	Check Variety: Calhikari-	201		
	Days Same As	Check Variety:			
	2 Days Later Than	Check Variety: Akitakomacl	hi.		
	2 Maturity Class	1 = Very Early (90 Days or Less) 3 = Intermediate (98 - 104)		(91 – 97) (More Than 104)	

2. CULM:

- 3 Angle (Degrees from Perpendicular after Flowering):
 - 1 = Erect (Less than 30°) 3 = Intermediate (About 45°)
- 5 = Open (About 60°)
- 7 = Spreading (More than 60° but the culms do not rest on the ground)
- 9 = Procumbent (The culm or its lower part rests on the ground surface)

2. CULM: (continued)

 $95__{\bullet} \ \underline{0}$ cm (Soil level to top of extended panicle on main stem)

2.0 cm Shorter Than

Check Variety: M-202

Calhikari-201

Length Same as

Check Variety:

cm Longer than

L-204Check Variety:

Height Class:

1 = Semidwarf

2 = Short 3 = Medium 4 = Tall

Internode Color: (After Flowering):

1 = Green

2 = Light Gold

3 = Purple Lines 4 = Purple

Strength (Lodging Resistance):

Leaf Angle (After Heading):

1 = Strong (no Lodging) 5 = Intermediate (Most Plants Lodged) 3 = Moderately Strong (Most Plants Leaning)

9 = Very Weak (All Plants Flat)

7 = Weak (Most Plants Flat)

3. FLAG LEAF: (After Heading)

21 .3 cm Length

10 • 5 mm Width

Pubescence:

1 = Glabrous

2 = Intermediate

6 = Purple Blotch

3 -= Pubescent 3 = Intermediate

5 = Horizontal

7 = Descending

Blade Color:

1 = Pale Green

5 = Purple Margins

1 = Erect 2 = Green

3 = Dark Green 7 = Purple

4 = Purple Tips

Basal Leaf Sheath Color:

1 = Green

2 = Purple Lines

3 = Light Purple

4 = Purple

4. LIGULE:

8 •Q mm Length (From base of collar to the tip, at late vegetative stage)

_ Color: (Late Vegetative Stage):

1 = White

2 = Purple Lines

2 = Green

2 = Purple

3 = Purple

Shape:

1 = Acute to Acuminate

2 = 2-Cleft

3 = Truncate

Collar Color (Late Vegetative Stage):

1 = Pale Green

3 = Purple

Auricle Color (Late Vegetative Stage):

1 = Pale Green

5. PANICLE:

• 8 cm Length

Type: 2

1 = Compact

5 = Intermediate

9 = Open

3 = Heavy

4 = Clustering

Secondary Branching: 2

Exsertion (Near Maturity):

1 = Absent 1 = Less than 90%

2 = Light 2 = 90 - 99%

3 = 100% Exserted

2 Axis:

1 = Straight

2 = Droopy

1 Shattering:

1 = Very Low (Less Than 1%) 7 = Moderately High (26 - 50%) 3 = Low (1 - 5%) 5 = Moderate (6 - 25%)9 = High (More than 50%)

Threshability:

1 = Difficult

2 = Intermediate

3 = Easy

6. GRAIN: (Spikelet)

Awns (After Full Heading):

0 = Absent 7 = Long and Partly Awned

1 = Short and Partly Awned 9 = Long and Fully Awned

5 = Short and Fully Awned

2 Apiculus Color (At Maturity)

1 = White 5 = Red Apex

2 = Straw 6 = Purple 3 = Brown (Tawny) 7 = Purple Apex

4 = Red

Stigma Color:

1 = White

2 = Light Green

3 = Yellow

4 = Light Purple

5 = Purple

6. GRAII	N: (Spikelet)							
0	_ Lemma and Palea Color (At	Maturity):						
	0 = Straw 3 = Brown Furrows on Strav 6 = Purple Spots on Straw 9 = Black	w 4 7	= Gold and/or Go = Brown (Tawny) = Purple Furrows) = White		on Straw Backgr	ound	2 = Brown Spots on Straw (Piebald) 5 = Reddish to Light Purple 8 = Purple	
4	Lemma and Palea Pubesce		I = Glabrous I = Short Hairs		on Lemma Keel Hairs (Velvety)	3 = Hairs	s on Upper Portion	
	Spikelet Sterility (At Maturity		l = Highly Fertile ' = Highly Sterile					
7. GRAIN	J: (Seed)							
<u>2</u> 3	Seed Coat (Bran) Color:	1 = White 5 = Red	2 = Light 6 = Varia	Brown ble Purple	3 = Sp 7 = Pu	eckled Browi Irple	n 4 = Brown	
	Endosperm Type:	1 = Nongluti	nous (Nonwaxy)		2 = Glutinous (W	/axy)	3 = Indeterminate	
9	Endosperm Translucency:	1 = Clear		5 = Interm	ediate	9 = Opaq	que	
1	Endosperm Chalkiness:	0 = None 5 = Medium	(10 – 20% of San	nple)	1 = Small (Less t 9 = Large (More			
_0	Scent (Aroma):	0 = Nonscen	ited	1 = Lightly	Scented	2 = Scen	ted	
	Shape Class (Length/Width F	Ratio):						
1	Paddy	1 = Short (2.	2:1 and Less)	2 = Mediur	n (2.3:1 to 3.3:1)	3 = Long	(3.4:1 and More)	
1	Brown	1 = Short (2.	0:1 and Less)	2 = Mediur	n (2.1:1 to 3.0:1)	3 = Long	(3.1:1 and More)	
1	Milled	1 = Short (1.	9:1 and Less)	2 = Mediu	n (2.0:1 to 2.9:1)	3 = Long	(3.0:1 and More)	
•	Measurements: Grain Form	Length (mm) 6.87	Width (mm) 3 • 44	Thick (mm)		L/W Ratio 2.0	1000 Grains (grams) 23 • 8	
	Paddy -	4 02	2 01		-	1.7	19.0	
	Brown	4.83 4.5	2 <u>.91</u> 2.80	<u>-</u>	-	1.6	17.6	
	Milled	4.5			-	•••••	***************************************	
	Milling Quality (% Hulls) % Protien				While Kernel (h	lead) Rice to	Rough Rice)	
	6.0 ading Value:	1.5% KOH	$\frac{6}{8}$ % A	amylose -	6.6	% KOH Soluti	ion	
	Gelatination Temperature Ty	pe:	1 = High		i = Intermediate		7 = Low	
Amylo	ographic Paste Viscosity (Bra	bender Units)						
Peak 31	0 Hot Paste		Cooled Pa 158	aste 	"Breakdown" 200/-1			
8. RESIST	ANCE TO LOW TEMPERTL	IRE:				· · · ·		
_	Germination and Seedling Vig		1 = Low	2	= Medium	3 = High	•	
- 1	Flowering (Spikelet Fertility):	,	1 = Low		= Medium	3 = High		
9. SEEDLI	NG VIGOR NOT RELATED	TO LOW TEM	IPERATURE:			***************************************		
_3\			1 = Low	2	= Medium	3 = High		

0 = lmm	une	1 :	= Resistant	3 =	Moderate	ly Resistant	5 = In	termediate	7 =	Moderate	ly Suscept	ible	9 = Susceptible	
Group			IB		·	IC		ID		ΙE	1G	IH		
Number Resistance	1	5	45 ——	49	54	1	17	1	13	1	1 9 —	1		
1. RESISTA	NCE TO	Э ОТНЕ	R DISEAS	ES:		***************************************				B				71107-1
0 = lmmi	une	1 =	Resistant	3 =	Moderate	ly Resistant	5 = Int	termediate	7 =	Moderate	y Suscepti	ible	9 = Susceptible	
Na	rrow Bro	wn Lea	f Spot (Cer	ospora o	ryzae)			_8_Aggre	egate Sh	neath Spot	(Rhizocto	nia oryza	e-sativae)	
Lea	af Smut	(Entylor	na oryzae)			•		Straig	ht Head	i				
Bro	wn Leai		delminthosp (=Bipolaris (=Drechslei	oryzae) [†]	•		٠	Kerne	el Smut	(Neovossi (=Tilletia	a horrida) barclayan	a)		
Lea	f Scald	(Gerlac	hia oryzae)				White Tip Nematode (Aphelencholdes bessey)					seyi)		
Hoj	a Blanc	a Virus					8 Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae)							
She	eath Rot	(Saroci	adium oryz	ae)										
Pyti	hium Se	edling E	Blight (<i>Pythi</i>	ium sp.)				Bacte	rial Bligl	ht (Xantho	monas car	npestris	ov. oryzae)	
She	eath Spo	t (<i>Rhiz</i> c	octonia oryz	ae)				Sheat	h Blight	(Rhizocto	nia solani)			
Oth	er:													
2. INSECT R	RESISTA	ANCE:												
0 = lmmu	ne	1 =	Resistant	3 = 1	Moderatel	y Resistant	5 = Int	ermediate	7 = 1	Moderatel	y Suscepti	ble	9 = Susceptible	
Gra	sshoppe	er					-	Rice S	Stink Bu	g (<i>Oegalu</i>	s pugnax)			
Rice	e Leafho	pper					_	Swarn	n Caterr	oillar				
Rice	Hispa						9 Rice Water Weevil (Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus)				us)			
Rice	Midge						_	Rice S	Stalk Bor	er (<i>Chilo</i> j	olejadellus)		
Leas	st Skipp	er					_	Sugar	cane Bo	rer (<i>Diatra</i>	ea saccha	aralis)		

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Table 1. Agronomic characteristics and performance summary of low amylose Calamylow-201 and the premium quality short-grain Calhikari-201, from 2002 to 2004 large plot tests at RES, Biggs, CA.

Characteristic	Year	Calamylow-201	Calhikari-201	LSD (0.05)
Seedling vigor (score)†	2002	4.8	5.0	0.6
	2003	5.0	5.0	0.2
	2004	4.9	5.0	0.1
Days to 50% heading (d)	2002	86	84	4
	2003	74	77	2
	2004	83	85	3
Plant height (cm)	2002	96	94	4
	2003	91	90	4
	2004	97	99	2
Lodging (%)	2002	38	64	24
	2003	71	79	46
	2004	64	69	26
Grain yield (14% moisture lb/acre)	2002	7760	8910	1350
	2003	7250	8310	1020
	2004	7030	8120	1130

 $[\]dagger$ Seedling vigor visual score where 1 = poor and 5 = excellent.

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EXHIBIT E	confidential until the certificate is issu-	
STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP		, ,
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION	3. VARIETY NAME
California Cooperative Rice Research Foundation, Inc.	OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER BL-1	Calamylow-201
(ADDDECO.		-
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	6. FAX (Include area code)
Rice Experiment Station	(530) 868-5481	(530) 868-1730
955 Butte City Hwy.	7. PVPO NUMBER	·
PO Box 306		A A A A A
Biggs, CA 95917	2006	
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in th	e appropriate block. If no, please expl a	in. YES NO
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S. t	based company? If πο, give name of co	ountry. YES NO
0. Is the applicant the original owner? YES	NO If no, please answer one	of the following:
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is	(are) the original owner(a) a LLS. National	sl/s\2
YES	NO If no, give name of count	
		•
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies)), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. bas	
11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original explanation on ownership from original explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original explanation or ownership from original explan	nal breeder to current owner. Use the re	verse for extra space if needed):
PLEASE NOTE:		
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licens		
. If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that ponational of a country which affords similar protection to nationals or	erson must be a U.S. national, national of the U.S. for the same genus and specie	of a UPOV member country, or es.
. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employ nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a c genus and species.	yed the original breeder(s), the company country which affords similar protection to	must be U.S. based, owned by particular and an arrival on attitude and the U.S. for the same
If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the	original owner and the applicant must me	eet one of the above criteria.
he original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who dir ct for definitions.	rected the final breeding. See Section 4	(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection
coording to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, introl number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. Cluding the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering a	The time required to complete this information collect.	ion is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response.
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> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE **SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY** PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705

EXHIBIT F DECLARATION REGARDING DEPOSIT

NAME OF OWNER (S)	ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code and Country)	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION		
California Cooperative Rice Research	955 Butte City Hwy, PO Box 306	BL-1		
Foundation.	Biggs, CA 95917 USA	VARIETY NAME Calamylow-201		
NAME OF OWNER REPRESENTATIVE (S)	ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code and Country)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
Kent S. McKenzie	955 Butte City Hwy, PO Box 306 Biggs, CA 95917 USA	PVPO NUMBER 200600111		

I do hereby declare that during the life of the certificate a viable sample of propagating material of the subject variety will be deposited, and replenished as needed periodically, in a public repository in the United States in accordance with the regulations established by the Plant Variety Protection Office.

2-10-06